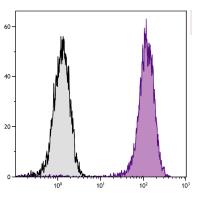
SouthernBiotech [



Mouse Anti-Human CD107a

Cat. No.	Format	Size
9835-01	Purified (UNLB)	0.1 mg
9835-02	Fluorescein (FITC)	100 tests
9835-02S	Fluorescein (FITC)	25 tests
9835-08	Biotin (BIOT)	100 tests
9835-09	R-phycoerythrin (PE)	100 tests
9835-09S	R-phycoerythrin (PE)	25 tests
9835-13	Spectral Red [®] (SPRD)	100 tests
9835-26	Pacific Blue™ (PACBLU)	100 tests
9835-31	Alexa Fluor [®] 647 (AF647)	100 tests



Human T cell leukemia cell line Jurkat was intracellularly stained with Mouse Anti-Human CD107a-PE (SB Cat. No. 9835-09).

Overview

Clone	H4A3
lsotype	Mouse (BALB/c) IgG ₁ κ
Immunogen	Human adherent peripheral blood cells
Specificity	Human/Rhesus/African Green Monkey/Pigtail Macaque/Sooty Mangabey CD107a; Mr 100-120 kDa
Alternate Name(s)	LAMP-1, lysosome-associated membrane protein 1
Workshop	V P008; VI PR-63

Description

CD107a, also known as lysosomal-associated membrane protein 1 (LAMP-1), is a heavily glycosylated type I transmembrane protein that constitutes the major sialoglycoproteins on lysosomal membranes. It is a ligand for galaptin, an S-type lectin present in extracellular matrix, through its recognition of acetyllactosamine oligosaccharide chains, and is a ligand for E-selectin-mediated cell adhesion. CD107a is expressed by activated T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, activated platelets, tonsillar epithelium, and some tumor cell lines, including U937 and KG1a. It is also a widely expressed intracellular antigen. LAMP-1 may function in protecting the inner surface of the lysosomal membrane by forming a barrier to lysosomal hydrolases. The upregulation of both CD107a and CD107b on the surface of tumor cell lines has been associated with their enhanced metastatic potential where they may increase adhesion to extracellular matrix and endothelium.

Applications

FC – Quality tested ^{1,12-19,21,22} IHC-FS – Reported in literature ² IHC-PS – Reported in literature ^{3,4} ICC – Reported in literature ^{5-10,20} EM – Reported in literature ¹ IP – Reported in literature ¹ Purification – Reported in literature ¹

Working Dilutions

Flow Cytometry	Purified (UNLB) antibody FITC, BIOT, PE, SPRD, PACBLU and AF647 conjugates For flow cytometry, the suggested use of these reagents is in a fina	≤ 1 μg/10 ⁶ cells 10 μL/10 ⁶ cells al volume of 100 μL	
Other Applications	Since applications vary, you should determine the optimum working appropriate for your specific need.	etermine the optimum working dilution for the product that is	

For Research Use Only. Not for Diagnostic or Therapeutic Use.

Corporate Offices: 160 Oxmoor Blvd • Birmingham, AL 35209 • USA Mailing Address: P.O. Box 26221 • Birmingham, AL 35260 • USA Tel: 205.945.1774 • U.S. and Canada: 800.722.2255 • Fax: 205.945.8768 Email: info@southernbiotech.com • Website: www.southernbiotech.com

Handling and Storage

- The purified (UNLB) antibody is supplied as 0.1 mg of purified immunoglobulin in 1.0 mL of borate buffered saline, pH 8.2. No preservatives or amine-containing buffer salts added. Store at 2-8°C.
- The fluorescein (FITC) conjugate is supplied as 25 tests in 0.25 mL or 100 tests in 1.0 mL of PBS/NaN₃. Store at 2-8°C.
- The biotin (BIOT), Pacific Blue™ (PACBLU), and Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (AF647) conjugates are supplied as 100 tests in 1.0 mL of PBS/NaN₃. Store at 2-8°C.
- The R-phycoerythrin (PE) conjugate is supplied as 25 tests in 0.25 mL or 100 tests in 1.0 mL of PBS/NaN₃ and a stabilizing agent. Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze!
- The Spectral Red[®] (SPRD) conjugate is supplied as 100 tests in 1.0 mL of PBS/NaN₃ and a stabilizing agent. Store at 2-8°C. **Do** not freeze!
- Protect fluorochrome-conjugated forms from light. Reagents are stable for the period shown on the label if stored as directed.

Warning

Some reagents contain sodium azide. Please refer to product specific SDS.

References

- 1 Mane SM, Marzella L, Bainton DF, Holt VK, Cha Y, Hildreth JE, et al. Purification and characterization of human lysosomal membrane glycoproteins. Arch Biochem Biophys. 1989;268:360-78. (Immunogen, FC, EM, IP, Purification)
- 2. Momma K, Noguchi S, Malicdan MC, Hayashi YK, Minami N, Kamakura K, et al. Rimmed vacuoles in Becker muscular dystrophy have similar features with inclusion myopathies. PLoS One. 2012;7:e52002. (IHC-FS)
- Furuta K, Ikeda M, Nakayama Y, Nakamura K, Tanaka M, Hamasaki N, et al. Expression of lysosome-associated membrane proteins in human colorectal neoplasms and 3. inflammatory diseases. Am J Pathol. 2001;159:449-55. (IHC-PS)
- 4 Sarafian VS, Dikov DI. LAMPs and ABH histo-blood group antigens in granulation tissue. APMIS. 2007;115:701-6. (IHC-PS)
- Hauck CR, Meyer TF. The lysosomal/phagosomal membrane protein h-lamp-1 is a target of the IgA1 protease of Neisseria gonorrhoeae. FEBS Lett. 1997;405:86-90. 5. (ICC, IP)
- 6 Dell'Angelica EC, Aguilar RC, Wolins N, Hazelwood S, Gahl WA, Bonifacino JS. Molecular characterization of the protein encoded by the Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome type 1 gene. J Biol Chem. 2000;275:1300-6. (ICC, IP)
- Valés-Gómez M, Winterhalter A, Roda-Navarro P, Zimmermann A, Boyle L, Hengel H, et al. The human cytomegalovirus glycoprotein UL16 traffics through the plasma 7. membrane and the nuclear envelope. Cell Microbiol. 2006;8:581-90. (ICC)
- Valés-Gómez M, Reyburn HT. Intracellular trafficking of the HCMV immunoevasin UL16 depends on elements present in both its cytoplasmic and transmembrane 8. domains. J Mol Biol. 2006;363:908-17. (ICC)
- 9 Hanna MC, Blackstone C. Interaction of the SPG21 protein ACP33/maspardin with the aldehyde dehydrogenase ALDH16A1. Neurogenetics. 2009;10:217-28. (ICC)
- Al-Zeer MA, Al-Younes HM, Lauster D, Lubad MA, Meyer TF. Autophagy restricts Chlamydia trachomatis growth in human macrophages via IFNG-inducible guanylate 10. binding proteins. Autophagy. 2013;9:50-62. (ICC)
- Armstrong A, Mattsson N, Appelqvist H, Janefjord C, Sandin L, Agholme L, et al. Lysosomal network proteins as potential novel CSF biomarkers for Alzheimer's disease. 11. Neuromolecular Med. 2014;16:150-60. (WB)
- 12. Hershkovitz O, Rosental B, Rosenberg LA, Navarro-Sanchez ME, Jivov S, Zilka A, et al. NKp44 receptor mediates interaction of the envelope glycoproteins from the West Nile and dengue viruses with NK cells. J Immunol. 2009;183:2610-21. (FC)
- Kozako T, Yoshimitsu M, Fujiwara H, Masamoto I, Horai S, White Y, et al. PD-1/PD-L1 expression in human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 carriers and adult T-cell 13. leukemia/lymphoma patients. Leukemia. 2009;23:375-82. (FC)
- Kozako T, Yoshimitsu M, Akimoto M, White Y, Matsushita K, Soeda S, et al. Programmed death-1 (PD-1)/PD-1 ligand pathway-mediated immune responses against 14. human T-lymphotropic virus type 1 (HTLV-1) in HTLV-1-associated myelopathy/tropical spastic paraparesis and carriers with autoimmune disorders. Hum Immunol. 2011:72:1001-6. (FC)
- 15. Rosental B, Brusilovsky M, Hadad U, Oz D, Appel MY, Afergan F, et al. Proliferating cell nuclear antigen is a novel inhibitory ligand for the natural cytotoxicity receptor NKp44. J Immunol. 2011;187:5693-702. (FC)
- Jaron-Mendelson M, Yossef R, Appel MY, Zilka A, Hadad U, Afergan F, et al. Dimerization of NKp46 receptor is essential for NKp46-mediated lysis: characterization of the 16. dimerization site by epitope mapping. J Immunol. 2012;188:6165-74. (FC) Genescà M, Skinner PJ, Bost KM, Lu D, Wang Y, Rourke TL, et al. Protective attenuated lentivirus immunization induces SIV-specific T cells in the genital tract of rhesus
- 17. monkeys. Mucosal Immunol. 2008;1:219-28. (FC, Rhesus Reactivity)
- Magalhaes I, Vudattu NK, Ahmed RK, Kühlmann-Berenzon S, Ngo Y, Sizemore DR, et al. High content cellular immune profiling reveals differences between rhesus 18. monkeys and men. Immunology. 2010;131:128-40. (FC, Rhesus Reactivity)
- Cicin-Sain L, Sylwester AW, Hagen SI, Siess DC, Currier N, Legasse AW, et al. Cytomegalovirus-specific T cell immunity is maintained in immunosenescent rhesus 19. macaques. J Immunol. 2011;187:1722-32. (FC, Rhesus Reactivity)
- Sauer J, Shannon JG, Howe D, Hayes SF, Swanson MS, Heinzen RA. Specificity of Legionella pneumophila and Coxiella burnetii vacuoles and versatility of Legionella 20. pneumophila revealed by coinfection. Infect Immun. 2005;73:4494-504. (ICC, African Green Monkey Reactivity)
- Jegaskanda S, Amarasena TH, Laurie KL, Tan H, Butler J, Parsons MS, et al. Standard trivalent influenza virus protein vaccination does not prime antibody-dependent 21. cellular cytotoxicity in macaques. J Virol. 2013;87:13706-18. (FC, Pigtail Macaque Reactivity)
- Dunham R, Pagliardini P, Gordon S, Sumpter B, Engram J, Moanna A, et al. The AIDS resistance of naturally SIV-infected sooty mangabeys is independent of cellular 22. immunity to the virus. Blood. 2006;108:209-17. (FC, Sooty Mangabey Reactivity)

Spectral Red® is a registered trademark of Southern Biotechnology Associates, Inc.

Spectral Red[®] is a PE/CY5 tandem conjugate. Cy[®] is a registered trademark of GE Healthcare.

Alexa Fluor 488, 647, 700 and Pacific BlueTM are provided under an agreement between Molecular Probes, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Invitrogen Corporation), and Southern Biotechnology Associates, Inc., and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product may be subject to one or more U.S. patents, pending applications, and corresponding non-U.S. equivalents, owned by Molecular Probes, Inc. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The buyer cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party or otherwise use this product or its components or materials made using this product or its components for Commercial Purposes. Commercial Purposes means any activity by a party for consideration and may include, but is not limited to: (1) use of the product or its components in manufacturing; (2) use of the product or its components to provide a service, information, or data; (3) use of the product or its components for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; or (4) resale of the product or its components, whether or not such product or its components are resold for use in research. For information on purchasing a license to this product for any other use, contact Molecular Probes, Inc., Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, USA, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0504.