# SouthernBiotech



# Rat Anti-Mouse IL-17A

Cat. No.	Format	Size
10215-01	Purified (UNLB)	0.5 mg
10215-14	Low Endotoxin, Azide-Free (LE/AF)	0.5 mg

#### **Overview**

Clone	TC11-18H10
lsotype	Rat IgG₁κ
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -expressed mouse IL-17
Specificity	Mouse IL-17A
Alternate Name(s)	Interleukin-17A, cytotoxic T lymphocyte-associated antigen 8, CTLA-8

## **Applications**

ELISA-Capture - Quality tested 1 ELISPOT-Capture – Reported in literature 2,3 FC – Reported in literature <sup>4,5</sup> Neut - Reported in literature 6-12

Note - May be paired with the biotinylated clone TC11-8H4 (SB Cat. No. 10214-08) in a sandwich ELISA

### **Working Dilutions**

**ELISA** Purified (UNLB) antibody ≤ 2 µg/mL **Other Applications** Since applications vary, you should determine the optimum working dilution for the product that is appropriate for your specific need.

For Research Use Only. Not for Diagnostic or Therapeutic Use.

# Handling and Storage

- The purified (UNLB) antibody is supplied as 0.5 mg purified immunoglobulin in 1.0 mL of borate buffered saline, pH 8.2. No preservatives or amine-containing buffer salts added. Store at 2-8°C.
- The low endotoxin, azide-free (LE/AF) antibody is supplied as 0.5 mg purified immunoglobulin in 1.0 mL of PBS. Contains no preservative; handle under aseptic conditions. Store at 2-8°C or aliquot into smaller volumes and store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze / thaw cycles.
- Reagents are stable for the period shown on the label if stored as directed.

### References

- 1. Amsen D, de Visser KE, Town T. Approaches to determine expression of inflammatory cytokines. Methods Mol Biol. 2009;511:107-42. (ELISA-Capture)
- 2. Nekrasova T, Shive C, Gao Y, Kawamura K, Guardia R, Landreth G, et al. ERK1-deficient mice show normal T cell effector function and are highly susceptible to experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis. J Immunol. 2005;175:2374-80. (ELISPOT-Capture)
- Faust SM, Lu G, Marini BL, Zou W, Gordon D, Iwakura Y, et al. Role of T cell TGFβ signaling and IL-17 in allograft acceptance and fibrosis associated with chronic rejection. J Immunol. 2009;183:7297-306. (ELISPOT-Capture)
- 4. Hamada H, Garcia-Hernandez Mde L, Reome JB, Misra SK, Strutt TM, McKinstry KK, et al. Tc17, a unique subset of CD8 T cells that can protect against lethal influenza challenge. J Immunol. 2009;182:3469-81. (FC)
- Le Huu D, Matsushita T, Jin G, Hamaguchi Y, Hasegawa M, Takehara K, et al. Donor-derived regulatory B cells are important for suppression of murine sclerodermatous chronic graft-versus-host disease. Blood. 2013;121:3274-83. (FC)
- 6. He D, Wu L, Kim HK, Li H, Elmets CA, Xu H. CD8<sup>+</sup> IL-17-producing T cells are important in effector functions for the elicitation of contact hypersensitivity responses. J Immunol. 2006;177:6852-8. (Neut)
- 7. Yusuf N, Nasti TH, Long JA, Naseemuddin M, Lucas AP, Xu H, et al. Protective role of Toll-like receptor 4 during the initiation stage of cutaneous chemical carcinogenesis. Cancer Res. 2008;68:615-22. (Neut)
- He D, Wu L, Kim HK, Li H, Elmets CA, Xu H. IL-17 and IFN-γ mediate the elicitation of contact hypersensitivity responses by different mechanisms and both are required for optimal responses. J Immunol. 2009;183:1463-70. (Neut)
- 9. Xiao M, Wang C, Zhang J, Li Z, Zhao X, Qin Z. IFNγ promotes papilloma development by up-regulating Th17-associated inflammation. Cancer Res. 2009;69:2010-7. (Neut)
- He D, Li H, Yusuf N, Elmets CA, Li J, Mountz JD, et al. IL-17 promotes tumor development through the induction of tumor promoting microenvironments at tumor sites and myeloid-derived suppressor cells. J Immunol. 2010;184:2281-8. (Neut)
- 11. Kish DD, Volokh N, Baldwin WM 3<sup>rd</sup>, Fairchild RL. Hapten application to the skin induces an inflammatory program directing hapten-primed effector CD8 T cell interaction with hapten-presenting endothelial cells. J Immunol. 2011;186:2117-26. (Neut)
- 12. Karmakar S, Bhaumik SK, Paul J, De T. TLR4 and NKT cell synergy in immunotherapy against visceral leishmaniasis. PLoS Pathog. 2012;8(4):e1002646. (Neut)